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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/829,561	C	04/22/2004	Mark Brister	P1315 6352	
28390	7590	12/15/2004		EXAMINER	
		CULAR, INC.	LACYK, JOHN P		
IP LEGAL I				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3576 UNOC	3576 UNOCAL PLACE			ARTONI	TALERIOMBER
SANTA ROSA, CA 95403 3736					

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	1		
	10/829,561	BRISTER, MARK			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	()/i		
	John P Lacyk	3736			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addre	PSS		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comm O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.		
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		erits is		
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,4-12,14-18 and 20-32 is/are reject 7) ☐ Claim(s) 3,13 and 19 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	•			
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 10.	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/22/2004.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	te	52)		

Application/Control Number: 10/829,561 Page 2

Art Unit: 3736

The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: The radioactive wire, radioactive strip, radioactive pellet, radioactive stent, receptacle or lumen that contains radioactive material, receptacle or lumen that receives radioactive material, receptacle or lumen that is coated with radioactive material lacks proper antecedent basis in the specification. The specification only states that the radiation source may be guided to the treatment site and that is may be activated by withdrawing a sheath covering the radiation source or by providing a voltage to deliver x-ray radiation. It provides no proper antecedent basis to limit the radiation source only to those discussed above and does not even mention the types claimed in the specification.

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1-2, 4-7, 15, 27-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Phelps et al.

Phelps et al discloses a method and device for locating and treating vulnerable plaque.

Phelps et al teaches (column 2, lines 16-34) using energy or light emitters to identify the vulnerable plaque and teaches using the energy or light emitters to treat the plaque.

Application/Control Number: 10/829,561

Art Unit: 3736

The emitters may be in the microwave, ultrasound or infrared range or use a laser light (column 5, lines 20-32) of which at least the infrared is considered to be a radiation source. With regard to claim 2, since the specification as discussed above fails to specifically define or limit the limitations, the device of Phelps et al is considered to be a radioactive strip since it radiates radiation to treat the plaque. With respect to claims 4-7, it is well known in the art to use a guidewire to assist in introducing a catheter into the body, therefore these steps are considered to be an inherent part of a method of inserting a catheter into the body. Also an access site must be made in order to insert a catheter or guidewire into the vessel initially.

Page 3

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 8-12, 14, 16-18, 20-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Phelps et al in view of Geoffrion et al.

Geoffrion et al discloses a treatment device for treating a site within a vessel in a body.

Geoffrion et al shows that it is well known to use a balloon to either center the catheter within the body or to stabilize or secure the catheter in place in the body and also shows that it is well known to use two balloons, one proximal and one distal to aid in properly positioning the treatment device. Therefore a modification of Phelps et al to include

Application/Control Number: 10/829,561

Art Unit: 3736

balloons to help properly position and secure the device in position would have been obvious in view of Geoffrion et al.

- 6. Claims 3, 13 and 19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Turnlund et al is cited to further show the use of radioactive device used to promote cell growth in a vessel that is being treated having a dose range of 1-600Gy. Tu et al and Doscher et al are cited to further show the state of the art of treating vulnerable plaque.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John P Lacyk whose telephone number is 571-272-4728.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Max Hindenburg can be reached on 571-272-4726. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/829,561 Page 5

Art Unit: 3736

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John P Lacyk Primary Examiner Art Unit 3736

J.P. Lacyk